

What Works?

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High Crime Neighbourhoods

- Report following national study
 - Embargo until 17 May 2006
 - Initial briefing conference on 17 May
 - Regional conference Leeds in July venue and date to be confirmed

What matters to people?

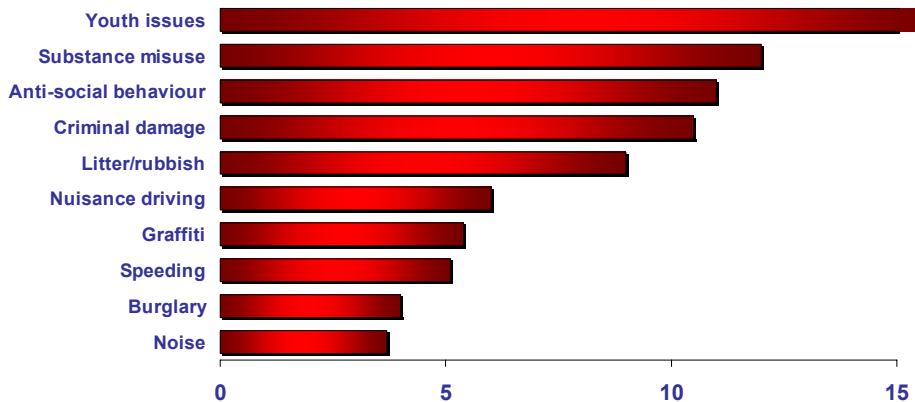
Which of the items on this list would you say are most important in making somewhere a **good place to live?**



Base: 596,000 BVPI survey responses 2003/4

What do people mean by crime?

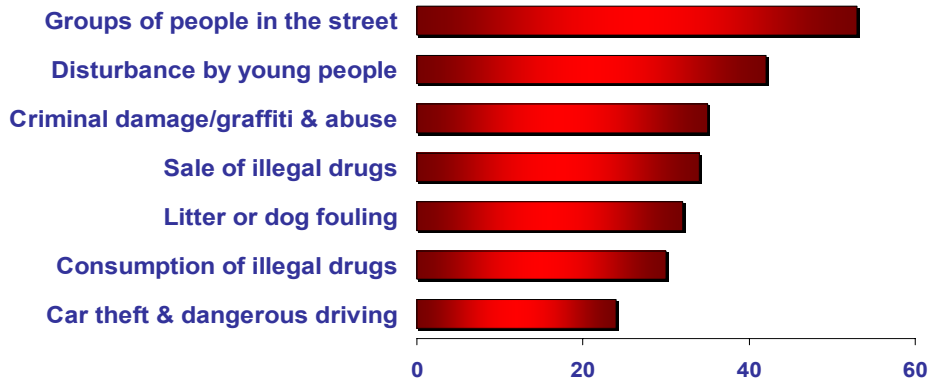
What are the top 10 crimes and disorders



Source: National Reassurance Policing Programme 2004

What worries neighbourhoods?

What concerns you most in your neighbourhood?



Source: Audit Commission. 1,068 adults polled May- July 2005

Important messages

- Anti-social behaviour more important than some crimes, even in high crime neighbourhoods
- Increased emphasis on safe, clean and green issues
- Problem areas can be masked
- Focus on neighbourhood level
- Key drivers of attitude
 - Quality of life
 - Support for the neighbourhood
 - Confidence in incident handling
 - Feeling safe outside the home at night

Approaches to local intelligence gathering

- Agencies need a framework where intelligence can be gathered
- Police NIM could be extended to other agencies
- Seek out and evaluate a range of methods
- Community and individual consultation
- Beware duplication from individual obligations on consultation
- Use knowledge of frontline workers in neighbourhoods

From intelligence to engagement

- People are more reassured when they see something is being done about the problem
- Needs to form part of a continuum of local action
- Feedback and evaluation is vital
- Understanding characteristics and differences between neighbourhoods
- Involvement or leadership from residents highly desirable.

Summary

- Local neighbourhood/street profiles
- Analyse local problems alongside local concerns
- Clearly plan and deliver action
- tell people what's happening/make it visible